GRAND PARENTS A family roots guide for grandparents raising grandchildren



Guidebook for Grandparents Raising Grandchildren

Knoxville—Knox County CAC Office on Aging Grandparents as Parents Program 2247 Western Avenue Knoxville, TN 37921

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www.knoxseniors.org

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The Grandparents Guidebook is published by the Knoxville—Knox County Office on Aging. The guidebook is available at no charge.

For more information about the Grandparents as Parents program or to access this guidebook online, go to knoxseniors.org/grandparents.

For more information about grandparents raising grandchildren:

Generations Unitedwww.gu.org

AARPwww.aarp.org



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In the United States, approximately 2.8 million grandparents are primarily responsible for the care of their grandchildren (Annie E. Casey Foundation Kids Count Data Center, 2018). Parental substance abuse, such as today's opioid epidemic, is cited as one of the most common reasons that grandparents are raising their grandchildren (Generations United, 2016). Research shows that placing children with relatives or close friends when they cannot live with their own families helps minimize the trauma of removal, maintaining vital connections, and often keeping sibling groups together (The Annie E. Casey Foundation, 2019).

This guidebook seeks to provide grandparents and other relative caregivers with information and resources to assist with the responsibilities and challenges of raising grandchildren. This publication is not intended to replace professional counsel.

Disclaimer: Most information provided in this guide pertains to Knox County, Tennessee. Limited information for Anderson, Blount, Loudon, and Sevier Counties in Tennessee is also included.

Getting Started

Raising a grandchild presents a new starting point in life, and it sometimes can seem overwhelming. This guidebook will serve as a tool to identify and access resources while providing general information and tips to help you on this journey.

First, secure documentation and information about your grandchild. Use the checklist below to determine what documents you have and which ones you still need. Keep all records and legal documents together in a safe place.

Child's name:	Have it (✓)	Need it (✓)
You will need:		
Child's birth certificate		
Child's Social Security card		
Name of school (teacher and guidance counselor)		
Pediatrician's name and phone number		
Medications the child may be taking		
Insurance cards		
Immunization records		
Legal or court documents		
Death certificate (if parent is deceased)		
Consent forms signed by parents for medical and school issues		
Citizenship papers for you or your grandchild (if applicable)		
Baptismal or religious documents (if applicable)		

You will be required to show originals and/or provide copies to schools, physicians and child care organizations. Feel free to make a copy of this checklist for each grandchild.

Obtaining Documents



Birth Certificate

To obtain a copy of a birth certificate, contact the Bureau of Vital Statistics in the state and county of your grandchild's birth.

If your grandchild was born in Tennessee, a copy of their birth certificate is available through the Tennessee Vital Records office (see below). If your grandchild was born in Knox County, you may obtain a copy from the Knox County Health Department (see below).

First, attempt to get the birth parents to obtain the document. If this is not an option, a judge must grant permission for you to obtain the birth certificate. This can be done through the guardianship process in civil court. Once permission is granted, you will need to furnish the following information:

- Full name given at birth for whom you are requesting the certificate
- Date of birth
- City or county of birth
- Parents' full names as they appear on the birth certificate, including mother's maiden name
- Application for a certified copy of Certificate of Birth

There is a fee for obtaining a birth certificate. Check with the Bureau of Vital Statistics in the child's birth state about costs and payment.

Tannaccaa	Vital	Docordo

1st Floor, Andrew Johnson Tower 710 James Robertson Parkway Nashville, TN 37243

Phone: 1-615-741-1763

https://www.tn.gov/health/health-program-

areas/vital-records.html

Anderson County Health Department

710 North Main Street Clinton, TN 37716 865-425-8800

Vital Records Dept.: 865-425-8801 http://www.achealthdept.org/vital.html **Knox County Health Department**

140 Dameron Ave. Knoxville, TN 37917 865-215-5100

http://www.knoxcounty.org/health/

vitalrecords.php

Sevier County Health Department

719 Middle Creek Road Sevierville, TN 37862 865-453-1032

http://www.seviercountytn.org/

vital-records.html

Blount County Health Department

301 McGhee Street Maryville, TN 37801 865-983-4582

www.blounttn.org/278/birth-death

-records

Loudon County Health Department

600 Rayder Ave. Loudon, TN 37774 865-458-2662

More information to obtain vital records at https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/w2w/index.htm

Social Security Card

If your grandchild has never had a social security card, you will need to present a certified copy of the birth certificate. To obtain a replacement of the social security card, you will need <u>two</u> of the following documents: State-issued non-driver's identification card; adoption decree; doctor, clinic, or hospital record; religious record; school daycare center record; or school identification card.

Social Security Administration Office in Knox County Social Security Administration

9031 Cross Park Dr. 1-800-772-1213

Knoxville, TN 37923

1-866-331-9091 More information: https://www.ssa.gov/ssnumber/ss5doc.htm

Medical Records and Immunizations

Obtain medical records from the birth parents or ask them to sign a **Power of Attorney for Care of a Minor Child** to release the records. (This form is authorized by T.C.A. § 34-6-301 et seq.) A school district may require additional documentation as permitted by Tennessee law before enrolling the child in school or extracurricular activities. The pediatrician's office may also be able to help obtain the records. If your grandchild has been enrolled in school, that school may have medical records on file and allow you to obtain a copy.

General Assistance

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)

TANF provides financial assistance to help families care for children and also helps children who have been deprived of parental support or care. Grandchildren who are eligible for TANF are also eligible for Medicaid assistance. Most grandchildren, under their grandparent's care, are eligible to receive a cash benefit under TANF, and the grandparent's income and assets are not counted in the child's eligibility.

Contact your local Tennessee Department of Human Services for information:

https://ww.tn.gov/humanservices/need-help-/tdhs-contact-us.html

Department of Human Services—Knox County Office

Dist. 2, CTY #47 2700 Middlebrook Pike, Suite 200 Knoxville, TN 37921-5698 865-594-6151

For TANF eligibility, you must:

- Prove relationship to the child through birth certificate or other legal documents
- Prove the child is living with you
- Have proof of grandchild's citizenship

- Provide Social Security number for child applying for assistance
- Have proof of health insurance
- Supply information about the birth parents and cooperate in attempting to obtain child support from the parents as required by law
- Provide proof of any income or assets belonging to the grandchild

Questions to ask when applying for TANF, food benefits or other assistance:

- What documents are needed?
- What information do I have to provide?
- What forms must be completed?
- How will I know when we have been approved?
- When will I receive the payment or medical card?
- How often do I have to update records, and what is the process?
- Do I have the right to appeal the decision?
- If we move, or the child returns home, when do I need to notify you and how?
- How do I reach you with additional questions?
- Can you provide a copy of the policy for my understanding and records?

Child support payments

Children are entitled to the support of both parents. Child support based on the parents' income is designed to partially offset the costs associated with raising children. Even if you are caring for your grandchildren at home, the birth parents may be held financially responsible. Certain programs, such as TANF, require cooperation in attempting to collect payment. When a TANF case is opened, even a child-only case, the Tennessee Department of Human Services automatically will initiate a child support case.

Visit https://www.tn.gov/humanservices/for-families/child-support-services.html

Not sure which county office to contact? Call 615-313-4880 and select option 7 to obtain that information.

Knox County Child Support Office

146 Market Place Blvd. Knoxville, TN 37922

Phone: 865-862-0366 Fax: 865-862-0403

Blount County Child Support Office

1938 E. Lamar Alexander Parkway

Maryville, TN 37804 Phone: 865-981-2373

Anderson County Child Support Office

26 Kentucky Avenue Oak Ridge, TN 37830

Phone: 865-482-6001

Sevier County Dept. of Human Services
Child Support Unit (also serves Cocke, Grainger,

& Jefferson Counties) 1052 S. Highway 62

Dandridge, TN 37725

Phone: 865-471-7901 Fax: 865-397-5013

Supplemental Security Income (SSI)

Supplemental Security Income provides monthly financial assistance to low-income elderly, blind or disabled individuals, including children. Disabled individuals have a physical or mental issue that prevents working and is expected to last at least a year or will result in death. In the case of a child, SSI determines how the disability affects everyday life.

Grandparents applying for benefits for blind or disabled minor children will need:

- Child's Social Security card or records of Social Security number
- Child's birth certificate
- Names, addresses and telephone numbers of doctors, hospitals and clinics that have treated the child
- Child's proof of citizenship or eligible non-citizen status

For more information or to apply for Supplemental Security Income, call 1-800-772-1213, or visit your local office:

Knox County Social Security Office 9031 Cross Park Dr. Knoxville, TN 37923 1-866-331-9091 Anderson County Social Security Office 565 Oak Ridge Turnpike Oak Ridge, TN 37830 1-888-676-2954

Blount and Sevier Counties are served by the Knox County Social Security Office

Earned Income Tax Credit

Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) benefits low- and moderate-income working people who are raising children. EITC, which is administered by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), provides assistance to working grandparents by reducing taxes owed or refunding money.

In addition, Advance Earned Income Tax Credit payments allow those who qualify to get part of the credit in advance instead of waiting to file taxes.



To obtain EITC qualifying information, contact the IRS at 1-800-829-1040 or visit www.IRS.gov.

Volunteer Income Tax Assistance

Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) is available to help low-to-moderate income residents prepare and file taxes at no charge. IRS certified volunteers are on site, offering free information, tax preparation and electronic filing for the previous year.

For more information, call (865) 546-3500 or visit www.knoxcacvita.org.

Custody and Legal Issues

Caring for grandchildren on a permanent basis can mean significant financial and lifestyle changes. You need to consider:

- How will this impact my Social Security benefits?
- Will I need to return to work?
- Do I have enough money to care for myself and grandchildren long-term?
- Are children allowed where I live?
- Will my employer allow adjustments to my work schedule?
- Is my grandchild insured? If not, where can I get help?
- Do I have the documentation needed? (See "Getting Started" p. 2)
- Am I able to get counseling for my grandchild, if needed?
- Can other family members or friends serve as a support system?



If you do not already have court-ordered custody of your grandchild, your first step must be to seek a Power of Attorney for Care of a Minor Child, which allows you to make decisions regarding the welfare of the child. After this step, you can pursue temporary or permanent custody.

Power of Attorney

A Power of Attorney is a legal arrangement in which birth parents grant authority to grandparents to perform certain custodial tasks for the child, such as immunization shots. Advantage: A court is not involved. Disadvantage: It may be revoked by the birth parent at any time.

A Tennessee law called the Power of Attorney for Care of a Minor Child Act will allow you to receive information from agencies that interact with the grandchild and gives you the right to seek medical treatment.

A Power of Attorney for the Care of a Minor Child form can be obtained at: www.knoxseniors.org/grandparents.html. A copy can also be obtained by calling The Grandparents as Parents program at 865-524-2786.

Physical Custody

Physical custody is an informal agreement in which the grandparents care for grandchildren in their home without official or legal authority. Grandparents have no formal rights or authority to make decisions regarding the child. The birth parents retain all the rights and responsibilities.

Legal Guardianship

Guardianship is a legal arrangement in which an adult has court-ordered authority and responsibility to care for a child. In most counties, grandparents file for guardianship in district court. Guardianships may be granted in Juvenile Court only when the legal custodian files a petition requesting the court grant the guardianship to the prospective guardian.

Guardians can:

- Consent to medical treatment (limited)
- Enroll child in school
- Obtain documents, such as a birth certificate

Under guardianship, birth parents retain superior parental rights, which include visitation, determination of child's religious faith, adoption consent and financial support, such as medical expenses. Birth parents, if able, must contribute child support.

Either party may request in writing to the court to revoke the guardianship.

Legal Custody

Legal custody is a formal court agreement in which custody is granted to grandparent(s), giving them legal authority to make all decisions regarding the child. Birth parents remain financially responsible for the child even though their rights have been suspended by the court. Birth parents do maintain visitations rights. Custody is granted in Tennessee only when the child is at risk of serious or irreparable harm.

Legal custody may be necessary in cases of death of parent(s), abandonment, inadequate care or abuse.

Informal Kinship Care

An informal agreement does not involve the court. Grandparents have no legal rights, and

the birth parents can remove the child at any time. It is advantageous to put agreements in writing regarding physical care, financial support and length of time the grandchild will be in the care of the grandparents.



Formal Kinship Care

Formal legal arrangements are established through the court (and possibly government agencies), spelling out rights and responsibilities. Kinship care arrangements make it easier to get support and medical services or enroll the child in special programs and school. Grandparents may be eligible for grant funds to assist with care. In Tennessee, this is a Families First Child Only Grant from The Department of Human Services.

Adoption

When grandparents adopt the child, the legal rights of the parents are terminated permanently, and you become the child's legal parent. Typically, the birth parents agree to give up their rights or parental rights are terminated by the court.

Knoxville Family Justice Center 400 Harriet Tubman St.

Knoxville, TN 37915 Phone: 865-215-6800

24 hr Crisis Line: 865-521-6336

https://fjcknoxville.com

Knoxville Bar Association Lawyer Referral Service

500 Main St. Suite 50 Knoxville, TN 37902

Phone: 865-522-7501

www.knoxbar.org

Harmony Family Center

118 Mabry Hood Rd. Suite 400

Knoxville, TN 37922 865-982-5225

http://harmonyfamilycenter.org

Blount County Bar Association

930 East Lamar Alexander Parkway

Maryville, TN 37804-6201

http://www.barassociationdirectory.com/tn/blount-county-bar-association.php

Safe Families for Children

Phone: 865-257-1883 (See page 36)

Glossary of Legal Terms

Affidavit: Written statement in which facts stated are sworn or affirmed to be true.

Answer: Written response that states whether the respondent admits (agrees with) or denies (disagrees with) allegations in a petition. Any allegations not specifically denied are considered to be admitted.

Appeal: Procedure to seek a district court of appeals to review the decision. There are strict procedural and time requirements for filing an appeal.

Attorney: Person with special education and training in the field of law who is a member in good standing with the Tennessee Bar Association and licensed to practice in the state of Tennessee. An attorney is the only person allowed to provide legal advice. An attorney may file your case and represent you in court or advise you of your rights before you file your own case. An attorney also may advise what to expect and help prepare you for court. In family law matters, you are not entitled to a court-appointed lawyer, like a public defender in a criminal case. Legal assistance on a wide range of civil matters is often available through Legal Aid of East Tennessee (www.LAET.org). Please note, however, that Legal Aid cannot assist you in juvenile court proceedings. (See Resource List beginning on page 48).

CASA: Court Appointed Special Advocate. CASAs are compassionate, objective and self-motivated individuals trained to speak on behalf of abused and neglected children.

Certified copy: Copy of an order or final judgment, certified by the clerk of the circuit court to be an authentic copy.

Certified mail: Mail which requires receiving party to sign as proof of receipt.

Child support: Money paid from one parent to the other for benefit of dependent or minor child(ren).

Circuit Court clerk: Elected official in whose office papers are filed, case number is assigned, and case files are maintained. The clerk's office usually is located in the county courthouse.

Dependent child(ren): Child(ren) who depend on parent(s) for support because they are under the age of 18; have a mental or physical disability that prevents them from supporting themselves; or are in high school while between the ages of 18 and 19 and performing in good faith with reasonable expectation of graduation before age 19.

Family law intake staff: Court employee(s) who is (are) available to assist you in filing a family law case. The staff are not attorneys and cannot give legal advice. They can assist with filling out forms. Contact your local clerk's office to determine if assistance is available.

Filing: Delivering a petition, response, motion or other pleading in a court case to the clerk of court's office.

Filing fee: Amount of money, set by law, that the petitioner must pay when filing a case.

Guardian ad Litem: Neutral person who may be appointed by the court to evaluate or investigate the child's situation and file a report with the court about what is in the best interests of the child. Guardians do not "work for" either side and may interview the parties, visit their homes, visit the child's school, speak with teachers or use other resources to make a recommendation.

Hearing: Legal proceeding before a judge or designated officer (general master or hearing officer) on a motion.

Judge: Elected official responsible for deciding cases. A judge is neutral and responsible for ensuring cases are resolved in a fair, equitable and legal manner. A judge is prohibited by law from providing legal advice, recommendations or other assistance, and may not talk to either party unless both parties are present, represented or at a properly scheduled hearing.

Notary public: Person authorized to witness signatures on court-related forms.

Affordable Housing Resources

Public housing was established to provide decent and safe rental housing for eligible low-income families, the elderly, and persons with disabilities. Public housing comes in all sizes and types. Subsidized housing units are managed by the local housing authority and rent is based on income.

Clinton Housing Authority

825 McAdoo Street Clinton, TN 37716 865-454-9692

Knoxville's Community Development Corporation (KCDC)

901 North Broadway Street Knoxville, TN 37917 865-403-1100 www.kcdc.org

Knoxville's Community Development Corporation (KCDC) For Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers in Knox County

400 Harriet Tubman Street Knoxville, TN 37915 865-403-1234 www.kcdc.org

Maryville Housing Authority

311 Atlantic Ave. Maryville, TN 37801 865-983-4958 ext. 101 www.mhatn.com

Oak Ridge Housing Authority

10 Van Hicks Lane Oak Ridge, TN 37830 865-482-1006 ext. 125

Sevierville Housing Authority

500 Leo Sharp Road Sevierville, TN 37862 865-453-8500

The Housing Choice Voucher Program

The Housing Choice Voucher Program is the federal government's major program for assisting very low-income families, the elderly, and the disabled to afford decent, safe, and sanitary housing in the private market. Since housing assistance is provided on behalf of the family or individual, participants are able to find their own housing, including single-family homes, townhouses and apartments.

Affordable Housing Resources (continued) East Tennessee Human Resource Agency (ETHRA)

9111 Cross Park Drive Knoxville, TN 37923 865-691-2551 ext. 4248

Serving: Anderson, Blount, Campbell, Claiborne, Cocke, Grainger, Jefferson, Hancock, Hamblen, Loudon, Morgan, Monroe, Roane, Scott, Sevier, and Union.

Notes:	

Child Care, Schools, and Educational Needs

Finding child care

Finding child care is a concern for grandparents. The first step is knowing what types of care are available.

In-home care – care provided in your home **Family child care** – care provided in a caregiver's home

Child care centers – care provided outside of your home at a public, licensed facility



It may be helpful to list your specific needs such as:

- Days and hours needed
- Individualized attention necessary for your child
- Training of person, or persons, providing care
- Planned activities

Other parents, grandparents, friends and co-workers are excellent resources when researching child care. You also can contact schools, civic clubs, social organizations, YMCA, YWCA and Boys & Girls Clubs. (See Resource List that begins on page 48).



Child Care Resource & Referral

East Child Care Resource & Referral (CCR&R)

Phone number: 865-974-7750 | Toll Free: 1-877-584-0596

Email: eastccrr@utk.edu www.tnstarquality.org

www.tnccrr.org

www.kidcentral.com

www.tn.gov/humanservicesfor-families/child-care-services/find-child-care.html

Child Care Checklist

Instructions for selecting a child care agency.

Go online: http://www.tn.gov/accweb

Click on dropdown box. Scroll to the county in which you live. Scroll to your ZIP code and click. You will see a listing of child care centers located within your area that shows compliance ratings, location, capacity and contact information. Select at least three locations to visit. Call to make an appointment and request a tour.

During the visit:

- Do you see any safety hazards?
- Is the staff trained in first aid and CPR?
- What are the safe sleep policies?
- Are the children supervised at all times?
- What is the staff/child ratio or how many children is each person responsible for?
- Do you see staff and children regularly washing their hands?
- Is the playground equipment the right size for children?
- Do the children seem happy and involved?
- Is the staff warm and responsive to the children?
- Are there enough materials and toys for the children in each classroom?
- What types of disciplinary methods are used?
- Are parents encouraged to visit at any time?
- How does the center communicate with parents?
- Ask for a copy of the parent's handbook.



Other Subsidized Child Care Alternatives

Child care assistance programs in Tennessee each have a different focus. In general, the state will help low-income families, working poor and other qualified parents pay a portion of child care costs.

The financial assistance program is administered by the **Tennessee Department of Human Services**, which provides help with child care bills and selecting a provider. The State usually only pays for a portion of costs, and a co-payment is required by the beneficiary. However, the exact terms vary based on specifics of the assistance program. Many grandparents will be placed on a waiting list.

If you qualify, any version of the child care resources can be used by low-income grandparents. The chosen provider must be enrolled with the State of Tennessee in the payment program. Some of the components include the following programs:

Transitional Child Care Assistance may be available for working-poor grandparents currently on the Families First program whose case is closed. Financial assistance can be provided for up to 18 months. This is an effort to help them get off the public assistance program. As with most options, there is a work activity requirement for each grandparent enrolled in the program. In addition, grandparents will be required to make a co-pay fee based on a sliding scale that factors in household income and family size.

Tennessee Families First Child Care Assistance is a program for guardians who need affordable child care to complete required work activities as part of their personal responsibility goal plan. These individuals can receive financial assistance to pay for the escalating cost of child care. Usually, the Families First program will not require a parent co-pay in order to enroll. Reimbursement and payment rates are determined by the Department of Human Services.

Smart Steps

Smart Steps Child Care Payment Assistance has the following eligibility requirements:

- Must be employed no less than 30 hours per week, or be enrolled and attending a
 post-secondary education program full-time or a combination of employment and
 post-secondary education
- Must have a child between ages six (6) weeks through five (5) years old

Assistance also may be available for eligible children who do not have access to pre-K in their county or who are on a waiting list. (The child may not remain in the Smart Steps Child Care Payment Assistance program once he or she becomes eligible for kindergarten or is selected to attend pre-K from a waiting list.) Eligibility is based on program requirements and availability of funding.

For information, contact your local Department of Human Services (See Resource List that begins on page 48).

School and Educational Needs

Head Start

Head Start (ages 3-5) and Early Head Start (infants and toddlers) are comprehensive preschool programs for children and families. Head Start provides children, including those with special needs, with services to encourage and promote social, emotional, intellectual (school readiness skills), physical growth and development. Head Start fosters good health through "well child" checks and dental exams, immunizations and nutrition. Parental involvement is a cornerstone of the program, and parents have various opportunities to participate in their child's education and development. Support is available, including social services, mental health and disability services, and transportation.

Nutritious meals are provided based on the number of hours the child attends.

Head Start and Early Head Start Options:

- Center-based part-time; 4 hours each day typically.
- Center-based full day for families with child care certificates. Hours based on needs of parent (working or school/job training).
- Home-based services; teacher visits in the home weekly for intensive parent training and support. Parent and child attend socialization (group play day) twice a month.

CAC Head Start
Administrative Offices
2400 Piedmont St.
Knoxville, TN 37921

Phone: 865-522-2193

Fax: 865-522-2338

Douglas-Cherokee Economic Authority, Inc. Head Start & Early Head Start

534 E. 1st North St.

Morristown, TN 37814-4716

Registration: 423-587-4501 ext. 129 Phone: 423-587-4501 ext. 128

www.dceaheadstart.org

Anderson Co. Schools' Preschool Head Start & Early Head Start

708 N. Main St.

Clinton, TN 37716-3143 Registration: 865-463-2833

Phone: 865-463-2833 www.preschool.acs.ac

School registration/enrollment

To enroll your grandchild in school, you will need:

- Birth certificate
- Proof of immunizations
- Copy of custody papers
- School records (if attended another school)

Knox County Schools
Parent Liaison & Ombudsman

https://www.knoxschools.org/ombudsman

Enrollment procedures

Call the school district office to obtain the name and address of the school your grandchild will attend.

Knox Co. Schools 912 S. Gay St. Knoxville, TN 37902 865-594-1800 www.knoxschools.org Anderson Co. Schools 101 South Main St. Clinton, TN 37716 865-463-2800 www.acs.ac Blount Co. Schools 831 Grandview Dr. Maryville, TN 37803 865-984-1212 www.blountk12.org Sevier Co. Schools 226 Cedar St. Sevierville, TN 37862 865-453-4671 www.sevier.org

When you register the children, you will need all the information listed above. If your grandchild has attended another school, the previous school records, including immunization records, will be needed. Schools have request forms and can assist you with acquiring other school records.

Parent Portal

Knox County Schools utilize the Parent Portal tool for guardians and students. This Parent Portal provides online access to students' grades, schedules and other information. The first step for guardians to establish a portal account is to complete the "Student Information Verification" form that will be sent home at the beginning of a new school year, or when you enroll your grandchild. The email address used on the form will be used to set up your Parent Portal Account. For help setting up your Parent Portal account, you can contact **Knox County Schools Helpdesk at 865-594-1830.** Check with your child's school to learn how to gain online access to student information.

Special Education Needs and Services

Raising a grandchild with special needs may require a hands-on approach because of required therapies and dietary guidelines/restrictions. Special needs children include those with physical or intellectual disabilities or both.

Two of the well-known conditions related to intellectual disabilities are:

ADHD (Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder), not being able to focus or control behavior, being overactive or a combination of these. Symptoms often are controlled with diet and medication.

Autism, a developmental disorder that normally appears in the first three years of life and affects the brain's normal development of social and communication skills. A pediatrician can test for these and other disorders and offer treatment options.

If you are going to care for a grandchild with special needs you need to:

- Gather information regarding guidelines for medications, therapies, foods, etc.
- Schedule meetings with your grandchild's teachers, counselors and others involved to learn about the school's plans.
- Schedule additional appointments with therapists or doctors who provide specialized care to learn about therapies or medications that you will need to administer.
- Seek support groups to assist you in the care process.
- Find associations that provide informational materials on your grandchild's condition, as well as support groups and financial assistance.

Available resources:

Tennessee StepDisability PathfinderTennessee Respite CoalitionPhone: 1-800-280-STEP (7837)Phone: 1-800-640-4636Phone: 1-888-579-3754

Special Education Services

Some children with an identified disability (physical or mental) may require specially designed instruction, support and services to meet their learning needs.

Special education and related services are available to eligible students, ages 3 through 21 years of age. Services for children under age 3 are available through Tennessee Early Intervention Services (TEIS).

To be eligible:

- The child must have an identified disability.
- The disability must adversely (negatively) affect the child's educational performance.
- The child must require a specially designed instructional program.

If your grandchild exhibits difficulties in school and you believe there may be an underlying learning challenge, ask the school for an evaluation. Contact the school counselor for information about the special education specialist assigned to the school. Make an appointment with the specialist and describe your concerns. At this time, specifically request an evaluation. However, the school is not obligated to perform the evaluation. The school may not think your grandchild has a disability or needs special education. If the school declines, you have two options:

- 1) Ask the school system for information about its special education policies, as well as parental rights to disagree with decisions. These materials should describe the steps to appeal.
- 2) Get in touch with your state's **Parent Training and Information (PTI)** center, which is an excellent resource to learn about special education, rights and responsibilities, and the law. PTI provides information about resources available to help your grandchild.

If the school thinks your grandchild may have a disability (physical or mental), the school must evaluate the child at no cost to you. However, the school must have your permission and written consent.

Upon identification of a disability (physical or mental), an **Individual Educational Plan (IEP)** will be created jointly by the school system and grandparent. This is a personalized plan for your grandchild that defines the issue, as well as plans and outcomes for steering students toward success.

Gifted and Talented Students

Children with exceptional ability to perform at high levels are described as "gifted and talented," which includes general intellectual aptitude, creative thinking and talents in the visual/ performing arts. The Knox County Schools system has resources for these students. Communication among teachers, principals or guidance counselors can help determine if your grandchild fits this classification.

Show Support

It is important to attend your grandchild's events and performances at school, church or community centers. This not only shows support for your grandchild, but also signals the school/church/center that you are involved in the child's life.

Learning Styles

Three learning styles are: auditory, visual and tactile.

- An auditory learner understands best from hearing information and does well listening to lectures and books on tape. For example, an auditory learner can read notes aloud.
- **Visual learners** benefit from seeing what they are learning. A visual learner does well taking notes, drawing pictures and making outlines.
- Tactile learners are "hands-on" and learn from doing things. A tactile learner can move about while studying and study in shorter increments.

By discovering how a child learns, study habits and methods can be modified to fit that style. Be proactive in working with the grandchild's teacher to incorporate learning methods at home and in the classroom. A guiet and designated place to study should be set up for the child.

Tutoring

If your grandchild enters a school system from another county or state, he/she may need extra help to catch up academically. After-school programs offer tutoring services. In addition, private companies provide one on-one educational help for a fee. Area universities and community colleges may also have a list of students who are willing to tutor in certain subjects.

High School and Beyond

High schools offer a variety of educational options, including college preparatory classes, as well as career-oriented courses. Advanced Placement (AP) courses are rigorous and academically challenging and can provide college credit while in high school. Several Tennessee school systems offer the International Baccalaureate (IB) program, which follows a global educational track and allows students to apply for colleges in other countries.

Public Libraries / Imagination Library

Knox County Public Library is a great resource for books, periodicals, movies, music, audiobooks, streaming services, and much more. With 19 locations around Knox County, the abundance of resources is readily available throughout the community. The Library also has over 40 different story times for children during the week and dozens of free programs for all ages. To find a location nearest you, visit www.knoxlib.org or call 865-215-8700 (See Resource List beginning on page 48).

Dolly Parton's Imagination Library of Knox County mails one new, age-appropriate book each month to any registered child from birth until age five at no cost to their family. Books arrive in the child's name and are theirs to keep, read, and enjoy. Thanks to the Governor's Books from Birth Foundation, Imagination Library is available in all 95 counties in Tennessee. To register your child or find out more, visit www.imaginationlibrary.com. In Knox County, call 865-215-8784 or visit www.knoxlib.org/il.

Early Intervention Services

The State of Tennessee and Knox County provide in-home visitation programs for children that are not thriving and meet specific criteria. If you feel your grandchild may qualify, please do not hesitate to use these resources.

Tennessee Early Intervention System (TEIS)

Tennessee's Early Intervention System is a voluntary educational program for families with children, ages birth through 2, with disabilities or developmental delays. There is no charge for assessment and services with TEIS.

Tennessee Early Intervention System

Phone: 865-609-3568 or 865-579-3099 | Toll free: 800-852-7157

Website: https://www.tn.gov/education/early-learning/tennessee-early-intervention-system-teis.html

Eligibility for TEIS: Resident of Tennessee. Infants to children ages two (2) years and eleven (11) months with an eligible diagnosis. Children whose tests results show they have 25% delay in two developmental areas or a 40% delay in one area may be eligible for TEIS. A child may have a developmental delay if he or she is far behind other children their age in one or more of the five major skill areas:

- Motor (crawling, walking, using hands to play)
- Communication (babbling, indicating wants and needs, talking)
- Cognitive (thinking skills, including making choices and solving problems)
- Social (playing near or with other children or adults)
- Adaptive (taking care of one's needs)

Knox County Parents as Teachers 865-594-1159

Eligibility: Knox County resident, prenatal and children up to 3 years old, 225% of federal poverty level (Example: family of four with an annual income of \$53,600 or less).

Interactions with Schools, Teachers, Therapists, Counselors and Staff

Get to know your grandchildren's teachers.

Inform them of your role. Teachers will want to send things home to a grandparent instead of the parent. Let the teacher know that you want to be informed of your grandchild's progress.

Keep open lines of communication among you, your grandchildren and the school. Attend open houses and meetings.

Try to attend parent-teacher conferences. Schedule personal meetings with teachers and counselors to talk about your grandchild. If you cannot attend in person, arrange for a telephone conference.

Get help with homework if needed. Teachers may be able to provide extra help with homework and tutoring at the school or in the community. Let them know if you have trouble finding time or do not understand the topic well enough to help your grandchild.

Talk with school counselors, nurses, and school social workers. Counselors often have advice and resources for grandparents about social service program to address behavioral and learning issues or other special needs. School counselors can refer you to a school social worker. If you have questions about your grandchild's health and nutrition needs, the school nurse is an excellent resource.

Inquire about other school programs. Schools may have programs that offer before- and after -school child care. In addition, public schools have free and reduced lunch plans for children who qualify. Ask about eligibility and guidelines.

Child Development, Health, and Safety Needs

Physicals

A physical is a head-to-toe wellness exam that allows your grandchild's doctor to establish a baseline for the child's health. Physicals also play a key role in preventing and detecting medical, behavioral and developmental issues. Newborns up to 30 months old have more physicals due to rapid growth and development. At the age of 3, physicals are done yearly. Physicals should be a priority.

Below is a timeline of child development, including infant body functions, activity, rest and sleep, and speech patterns from 1 month through 4 years. If you have any questions or concerns, contact your pediatrician or the Knox County Health Department.

Detailed timelines regarding child development by category and age are available at:

Knox County Health Department <u>www.knoxcounty.org/health</u>

865-215-5000

University of Tennessee Extension Office<u>https://ag.tennessee.edu/fcs</u> Family and Consumer Sciences

865-974-7384

KidCentral Tennessee<u>www.kidcentraltn.com</u>

American Academy of Pediatrics <u>www.healthychildren.org</u>

Child Development - Body and Mind

Infant body functions

1 Month Cannot process cow's milk. Formula fed or nursed.

2 Months Bladder capacity increases.

12 Months Shows signs of knowing when having a bowel movement.

18 Months May show signs of early readiness for toilet training. Talk with

pediatrician regarding training methods.

2 Years Toilet training continues.

3 Years Toilet trained during the day; nighttime training varies; accidents

are common.

4 Years Manages toileting without help; remains dry at night with occasional accidents.

Signs that children are ready for potty training:

- Stays dry for at least 2 hours at a time or after naps
- Recognizes he/she is urinating or having a bowel movement
- Developing necessary physical skills critical to potty training – ability to walk, pull pants up and down and get onto/off the potty with some help
- Follows simple instructions
- Wants to use the potty

items.

Parenting Resource for Potty Training:

"Guide to Toilet Training", Academy of Pediatrics, can be purchased at https://www.aap.org. This resource is also available at Knox County Public Libraries.

Motor skills

Gross motor skills are movements related to large muscles, such as legs and arms. Fine motor skills are movements related to smaller muscles, such as hands and wrists.



1 Month	Will make fist and lifts head slightly when lying down; sensitive to light and sounds; watches caregiver's face.
2 Months	Improved head control; eyes follow moving person; may get fist to mouth.
4 Months	Decrease in reflexes, increase in controlled movements; head steady when sitting supported; supports weight on arms; may roll over.
6 Months	Sits; rolls over in both directions; imitates familiar gestures.
9 Months	Sits alone; no head leaning when pulled to sit; bears weight on legs when supported; stands with help; moves around by hitching, rolling, crawling and creeping; plays hide-and-seek and peek-a-boo; moves blocks; claps hands.
12 Months	Twists while sitting without falling; pulls to stand; creeps; stands alone; walks with help; may take steps alone; puts objects into container and stacks

15 Months Walks alone well; stoops to recover toy; creeps up stairs; runs; climbs; has difficulty stopping suddenly or going around corners. Removes shoes and socks; turns cardboard-type book pages; tosses and rolls ball.

18 Months Runs, climbs, stops and starts easily; rounds corners without difficulty. Builds 4-5 block tower; well-controlled grasp and release; manipulates objects with good wrist control.

2 Years Walks backward; walks up and down stairs, kicks ball; may jump down one

step; jumps in place; may pedal tricycle; does simple puzzles.

3 Years Rides tricycle; alternates feet going up stairs; dresses and undresses self.

4 Years Balances on one foot for 5-10 seconds; hops, forward heel-to-toe walk;

alternates feet going up and down stairs; climbs jungle gym; catches ball with

arms; shows preference to left or right; begins to use children's safety

scissors.

Safe Sleep and Rest Pattern

According to the Tennessee Department of Health, more than 100 babies die every year in Tennessee from unsafe sleep practices. Babies should sleep: <u>A</u>lone, on their <u>B</u>ack and in a Crib.



<u>A</u>LONE: Babies should not sleep in a bed with you or anyone else. When you put them in a crib, there should not be any toys, stuffed animals, blankets or bumper pads.

BACK: Babies should always be put to sleep on their backs, not on their sides or stomach.

CRIB: Babies should always sleep in their own crib or bassinette. Do not put the baby in the bed with you, or in a couch or chair, car seat, stroller or bouncy chair.

1 Month Sleep patterns vary; series of naps totaling 14-17 hours per day.

2 Months Sustained sleep seldom exceeds 4 hours; waking time increases.

4 Months Sleep begins to decrease; 70% of children will sleep through the night.

6 Months Steady sleep increases 7-10 hours; 83% of children sleep through the night.

9 Months Total sleep needs gradually decrease; takes 2-3 naps; may awaken briefly during night.

12 Months 1-2 naps/day; may awaken during night; resists going to bed.

15 Months Sleep 11-14 hours per night; usually 1 afternoon nap.

18 Months Sleep 11-12 hours at night; daytime nap varies from less than

1 hour to more than 2 hours.

2 Years Afternoon naps decrease in frequency; night awakenings may continue;

may encounter new stress, have nightmares.

3 Years Less protesting at bedtime; may rest but not sleep during afternoon.

4 Years Sleep 10-13 hours per night; may need occasional afternoon nap or rest;

dislikes bedtime.

Speech Patterns

1 Month Hears voices; makes small throat noises; begins cooing; makes single vowel

sounds.

2 Months Responds differently to voice of primary caregiver. Crying differs for pain and

hunger.

4 Months Laughs aloud; begins to make sounds; babbling begins and varies volume

of sounds.

6 Months Imitates familiar sounds; will jabber to get attention.

9 Months Laughs and squeals; "talks" to toys; recognizes familiar words; vocalizes

emotions; imitates sounds.

12 Months May say "mama" and "dada" and may say 2-3 words; uses expressive sounds.

15 Months Says 5-6 words; shakes head "no".

18 Months Should know 10 words.

2 Years Uses 2-3 word sentences; follows directions; uses the words "me" and "my".

3 Years Uses plurals; talks constantly; tells stories; knows name and age; speaks with

loud voice.

4 Years Uses 4-5 word sentences; speech rate increases; stories more logical, detailed.

Child Development – Health and Growth Safety

1 Month Infant car seats MUST be used; secure infant to prevent falls and do not

leave alone, except in crib or playpen; crib bars should be no more than $2\frac{3}{8}$ inches apart; mattress must fit crib snuggly; do not hang pacifier around

the neck; do not prop bottle, as it may increase chances of choking.

2 Months Infant car seats MUST be used; continue to secure, and don't leave infant

alone; keep crib sides raised as infant squirms around more; toys should be

large, have smooth edges, no small parts, and be non-breakable.

4 Months Increased infant mobility such as turning over and tendency to put objects in

mouth require extra precaution. Keep using car seat and watch for damaged toys. It might be time to lower the mattress in the crib. Keep poisons locked

away.

6 Months Using an infant car seat properly is very important; toys specifically designed

for teething should be used. Remove large stuffed animals from crib, and make environment safe (mattress in lowest position, poisons and plants up high, electrical outlets plugged with safety plugs, extension cords and space

heaters out of reach, stairs gated).

9 Months

Your child is moving around more and more. Continue using an infant car seat. Keep your house safe as listed in 2-4 months. Watch for older children's toys. In addition to locking away poisons, have Poison Help phone number in your phone: 1-800-222-1222. Children can drown in an inch or less of water. Food should be in small pieces. (Example: hot dogs cut long-ways and side-ways). If you are riding a bicycle with a child, use approved child seat and helmet.

12 Months

NO PEANUTS OR POPCORN. Keep money and poisons out of reach, medications locked and low water level in tub at bathtime. Child should ALWAYS be supervised. Teach the meaning of "hot" and things that cause injury, such as sharp objects and chemicals.

15 Months

Your child is really moving about. Besides keeping in mind car, home, stair, water and toy safety, you will have to be especially mindful of countertops used for climbing. Secure dangling cords (child can reach between/under furniture). It is tempting to allow a child to play in a fenced-in yard. The child is too young to be unsupervised. Watch at all times.

18 Months

When on play equipment, make sure your child can manage the size and motion and be safely secured. Be especially watchful when seasons change and new activities begin, such as playing in water. Supervise play with other children. It may be time to move from a crib to a regular bed with removable bed side rails.

2 Years

Child imitates others without regard to own safety. Parents must monitor play with older children, use of tricycle and wheeled toys; supervise use of pencils, nontoxic paints and crayons. Possibility of drowning in small amounts of water still exists. Monitor house and yard safety. Continue use of gate with steep/narrow stairs.

3 Years

Child is still too small for an adult seatbelt. Use child or booster car seats depending on child's weight and height (See page 34 for car seat safety). Continue to be watchful of playground equipment and maintain outdoor supervision. Teach street and pedestrian safety. Do not permit child to cross streets alone. Review and practice when walking with child. This is a good time for organized swimming lessons.

4 Years

Child is very quick moving around and bolting out of the house if the door is not fastened. Go over and over street and pedestrian safety rules. To ride in the car, place child in child seat in the back seat. Remember, children do what they see you do, so use your seatbelt. If around water and boating, insist on life preserver. Warn children about strange animals. Remind children to not put objects in their mouth or run with something in their mouth.

Health Management

1 Month Avoid taking infants out in crowds, overdressing and sun. Always test bath

temperature before putting infant in water; sponge bathe until umbilical cord is healed; change diapers frequently; use vitamins, fluoride and iron, if needed, and use as directed by a doctor; contact health provider for appointment for a

newborn as soon as possible.

2 Months Some immunizations will cause discomfort. You can give the correct dosage

of Tylenol (acetaminophen) as directed by your doctor and provide cool compresses to the skin area. Some signs of illness can be changes in feeding, sleeping, disposition, fever, sneezing, vomiting and diarrhea.

4 Months Discuss reactions to the first immunization with your doctor in anticipation

of response to second. Reactions can include fever and severe crying.

6 Months Discuss teething medications with your doctor. Do not allow your infant to fall

asleep with the bottle in his mouth. Milk or juice in the mouth can cause tooth

decay.

9 Months A newborn child is curious and needs to explore.

12 Months Use sunscreen when taking the child outdoors. Check with your doctor for

strength (SPF). You will probably see an increase in number of colds.

Follow your doctor's recommendations. Teeth should be gently rubbed with a

soft cloth as soon as they emerge. Toothpaste and brushes especially

designed for children can be used. Be careful of snack foods. Children can eat

only a small amount of food and need good nutrition to grow.

15 Months It is important the baby have regular physical activity.

18 Months Review source and use of vitamins and fluoride with your doctor.

2 Years Teach child to blow nose, cover mouth with cough or sneeze.

3 Years Teach child to brush teeth, get adequate sleep and rest. Your child may need

some guiet time before meals to make up for tiredness from play.

4 Years Illnesses may increase due to more contact with other children. Help your child

brush teeth regularly. Floss your child's teeth.

Coping – Stress Tolerance Pattern

1 Month Cries are not always hunger related; may be for attention, position change or

discomfort.

2 Months Infant getting used to repeated actions of caregivers.

4 Months "Calls" for parental assistance; sleeps rather than interacts if

over-stimulated.

6 Months Wants caregiver nearby; curious; frustrated if movement is restricted.

9 Months Caregiver is main resource; movement, activity help release tension; also

copes by crying, fussing or sleeping.

12 Months Searches for caregiver; will handle new situations best if caregiver is involved.

15 Months Adds temper tantrum coping strategies in response to stress.

18 Months Very low tolerance for frustration; active vocal and physical response to

tension; uses transitional objects (favorite blanket, toy) and rituals for comfort and security; uses distraction and pretend play with toys as coping

strategies.

2 Years Continues to use transitional objects for comfort; temper tantrums are more

frequent if child is tired or hungry or when frustrated; routine is important;

negativism begins to decrease; uses idle time and imagination.

3 Years Temper tantrums, negativism and having to do things in an exact order

decreasing; active imagination; may have imaginary friend.

4 Years Begins to talk (directly or indirectly) about fears concerning his/her body,

animals, the dark; uses play and pretends.

Immunizations



These shots are critical for building a healthy immune system for your grandchild. School districts and day care facilities will not accept children who have not been immunized. Pediatrician offices, as well as your local

health department, provide immunizations. Refer all questions regarding your grandchild's immunizations to your pediatrician or to your local Health Department.



 Knox Co. Health Dept.
 Anderson Co. Health Dept.
 Blount Co. Health Dept.

 865-215-5070
 865-425-8800
 865-983-4582

Sevier Co. Health Dept. 865-453-1032

A description/checklist of immunizations to help prevent the spread of disease follows:

Chickenpox (Varicella)

Varicella vaccine protects against chicken pox. This disease is spread through air and direct contact. Children who have never had chickenpox should get two doses of the vaccine at these ages: 1st dose: 12-15 months; 2nd dose: 4-6 years. Children 13+ who have never had chickenpox and who have not received the vaccine should get two doses at least 28 days apart.

Hep A (Hepatitis A)

Hep A vaccine protects against Hepatitis A. This disease is spread through direct contact and contaminated food/water. 2 doses of Hep A vaccine are needed for lasting protection. The first dose should be given at 12-23 months. The second dose should be given 6 months after the last dose. Children who are not vaccinated by age 2 can be vaccinated at later visits.

Hep B (Hepatitis B)

Hep B protects against Hepatitis B. This disease is spread by contact with blood or body fluids of infected individuals. Children need three doses at the following ages: 1st dose: birth; 2nd dose: 1-2 months; 3rd dose: 6-18 months.

Hib (Haemophilus influenzae type b)

Hib vaccine protects against Haemophilus influenzae type b. This disease is spread through air and direct contact. Recommended for all children younger than 5 years old in the United States and usually given to infants starting at 2 months.

HPV (human papilloma virus)

HPV vaccine protects against cancers caused by HPV infection. HPV vaccine offers the best protection to girls and boys who receive all doses and have time to develop an immune response before being sexually active with another person. That's why HPV vaccination is recommended for preteen girls and boys at age 11 or 12 years.

IPV (polio)

IPV vaccine protects against polio. The polio disease is spread through air, direct contact and mouth. Children get four doses of IPV at ages: 2 months, 4 months and 6-18 months, and then a booster dose at 4-6 years old.

MenACWY (meningococcal disease)

Meningococcal conjugate vaccine (MCV4) protects against some of the bacteria that cause meningococcal disease, such as meningitis or sepsis (bloodstream infection). MenACWY is recommended for all preteens at age 11 or 12. A booster shot is recommended for teens at age 16 to continue providing protection when their risk for meningococcal disease is highest.

MMR (measles, mumps, rubella)

MMR vaccine protects against measles, mumps and rubella. All of these diseases are spread through the air and direct contact. A two-dose vaccine schedule is recommended for children, with the first dose at age 12-15 months and the second at age 4-6 years.

PCV13 (pneumococcal disease)

Protects against pneumococcal disease, which is spread through air and direct contact. PCV is a series of four doses, with one each at ages 2, 4, and 6 months, and then 12-15 months. Healthy children between their 2nd and 5th birthdays who have not completed the series should get one dose.

RV (rotavirus)

RV vaccine protects against rotavirus, which is spread through the mouth. This vaccine is administered in a three-dose series (RV5) at ages 2, 4 and 6 months.

Seasonal Influenza

The flu vaccine protects against influenza, which is spread through the air and direct contact. Everyone who is at least 6 months of age should get a flu vaccine seasonally.

DTaP (diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis)

DTaP vaccine can protect adolescents and adults from tetanus, diphtheria and pertussis (whooping cough). Five doses of the DTaP shot are recommended at ages 2,4,6, 15-18 months and at 4-6 years. A booster vaccine called Tdap is recommended at 11-12 years.

School health requirements

The State of Tennessee requires physicals before any student athlete can compete at the high school level. Additionally, a complete physical is required for all seventh graders by law. Your pediatrician or local health care clinic conducts school or sport physicals.

Insurance Information (for backup in case of lost card)

Child's Name:	
Insurance Company:	
Policy Number or Identification Number:	
Group Name:	
Customer Service Number:	
Coverage Date:	

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY (ICE)

Having an "In Case of Emergency Plan" for your family is a valuable tool for your grandchild if you became suddenly ill and unable to provide care. In case of a weather-related crisis that could physically separate your family, your grandchildren need to know 1) their own full name, 2) your (caregiver's) full name, 3) your (caregiver's) telephone number, and 4) do they take medication and why.

A blank copy of an In Case of Emergency card can be found at www.savethechildren.org/getready along with information about creating a Family Emergency Preparedness Plan. In Case of Emergency information should always be provided to your grandchild's school and any other organization in which they participate.

Notes:			

Immunization Checklist

Child's Name:	

			_	,	10.10	•		,	11.10	1.1	
Immunization	BIRTH	2 MOS	4 MOS	6 MOS	12-18 MOS	2 YRS	4 YRS	6 YRS	11-12 YRS	16 YRS	ANNUAL
Chickenpox Varicella					☆		\Rightarrow				
Hep A Hepatitis A					₹ ₹						
Hep B Hepatitis B	\Rightarrow	\Rightarrow		∜							
Hib Haemophilus Influenza type b		☆	☆	☆	☆						
HPV Human papilloma virus									☆☆		
IPV polio		$\stackrel{\wedge}{\Longrightarrow}$	☆	☆			☆				
MenACWY meningococcal disease									☆	☆	
MMR measles, mumps, rubella					☆		☆				
PCV13		\Rightarrow	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\boxtimes}$	☆						
RV (Drops)		$\stackrel{\wedge}{\Rightarrow}$	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\boxtimes}$	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$							
Flυ											$\stackrel{\wedge}{\swarrow}$
DTaP		☆	☆	☆	☆		$\stackrel{\wedge}{\boxtimes}$		\Rightarrow		

Feel free to make a copy of this checklist for each grandchild.

Always discuss any immunizations or concerns with your health care provider.

For current immunization information, visit http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/parents. Two stars = 2 doses within this time period.

Healthy Eating

Women, Infants and Children Nutrition Program (WIC)

WIC improves the health of low-income infants and children up to 5 years old who are at nutritional risk. WIC helps prevent malnutrition by providing food vouchers to grandparents for a special package of nutritious food, supplemented with nutrition education and referrals for additional health care. Contact the Knox County Health Department for more information or to apply.

Knox Co. Health Dept.	Anderson Co. Health Dept.	Blount Co. Health Dept.	Sevier Co. Health Dept.
865-215-5030	865-425-8800	865-983-4582	865-453-1032

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)

Formerly known as food stamps, SNAP helps low-income individuals and families buy food. If you have limited income, you may qualify. The amount you receive is based on:

 Household income, including all sources, such as job earnings, Social Security, SSI or interest.

Number of individuals in household.

If you are over 60, you can deduct medical expenses from income.

Additional resources include:

CHANT (Community Health Access and Navigation in Tennessee)

Phone: 865-549-5244

Eligibility: East Tennessee resident (15 counties surrounding Knox County), any child under 6, no financial or insurance requirement.

Healthy Families Knox County

In-home visitation program for first-time parents in Knox County and Sevier County.

Phone: 865-637-9711, ext. 1275

Assistance with SNAP applications

Putting Healthy Food

Supplemental Nutrition

If you need assistance, residents from any county can contact the Office on Aging SNAP Outreach Program at 865-524-2786 or visit www.knoxseniors.org.

Dental Health

Good dental health begins before you see your grandchild's first tooth. Wipe an infant's mouth with a soft, damp cloth or gauze pad after each feeding. Do not put babies to bed with a bottle at night or at nap time. Milk, formula and other sweet drinks contain sugar, which can cause tooth decay.

Children begin to cut their first tooth between the ages of 4-10 months. Teething may cause excess drooling, crying and fussiness. Be alert that children who are teething may put things in their mouth to soothe themselves. By age 2 to 2.5 years, about 10 teeth in each jaw will be visible. Ask your dentist for recommendation of a pediatric dentist. Use fluoride toothpaste and a soft bristle toothbrush. If your grandchild does not have a dentist, services may be accessed through your local Health Department.

For Dental Services: Anderson County 865-425-8803, Blount County 865-983-4582, Knox County 865-215-5110, Loudon County, 865-458-2514, Sevier County 865-453-1032.

Relationships and Emotions

Grandparents who are raising grandchildren may have feelings of guilt and/or resentment toward their adult child. If the grandchildren experience trauma and pain, grandparents may feel bad for them, as well as their own children. Grandchildren may act out because they don't understand why they don't live with their parents. This can lead to behavioral problems that grandparents must try to handle, while dealing with their own emotional reactions to the situation.

Grandchild's Emotions

Be prepared for what your grandchild may feel. These emotions are important and understanding them could impact the child's relationship with you.

Confused: They may not understand where the parent is and why their parent is not with them.

Angry: They may be angry at the situation, their parents or you.

Guilty: They may blame themselves for the situation and also feel guilty for being in a stable, safe place and feeling relieved.

Embarrassed: They may be embarrassed (and teased/bullied at school) because they are living with a grandparent rather than a parent.

Suspicious: A child who has been neglected or abused may have a hard time trusting anyone, even someone who loves them.

Scared: It may take time for them to feel your home is a safe place.

If you cannot handle these emotions, it is okay to seek help. School guidance counselors may be able to help or provide options in the community.

Insurance and Medical Coverage

Grandparents may face difficulty obtaining health insurance for grandchildren. Grandparents who are retired often are on Medicare. Grandparents who are still working may find it difficult, if not impossible, to add grandchildren to an employer-based policy. As a result, many grandparents seek TennCare coverage for their grandchildren. Tenncare is Tennessee's Medicaid program. You can apply for TennCare at www.healthcare.gov. If you have questions about the program or are currently covered by TennCare and need assistance, call 1-855-259-0701. If you have employer-based health insurance, ask about dependent coverage for grandchildren in your custody.

For people who qualify financially, TennCare pays for hospital, medical care and prescriptions. In many cases, grandchildren being raised by grandparents qualify for TennCare. You do not need to be receiving assistance for your grandchildren for them to receive TennCare. Your grandchildren automatically are eligible for TennCare if they are receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) or Supplemental Security Income (SSI).

You may apply for TennCare at your county's Tennessee (TN) Department of Human Services location. You must prove you are the primary caregiver for your grandchildren, but you do not need to have legal custody for them to receive TennCare. You also will need to show that your grandchildren are deprived of parental care, proof of your grandchildren's ages, relationship to you, and current living arrangement.

Call this number to file an appeal about medical or prescription problems:

TennCare Solutions 1-800-878-3192

Call this number if you need help with health care, mental health care, or drug or alcohol treatment or other TennCare problems:

TennCare Advocacy Program 1-800-758-1638

CoverKids State Insurance

Tennessee's State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) is called CoverKids. CoverKids is full health coverage for children 18 and under whose families cannot afford employer-sponsored insurance or individual insurance and who make too much money to be eligible for TennCare. CoverKids applicants applying for child coverage must apply online by visiting www.healthcare.gov or call toll-free at 1-800-318-2596. More information is available at http://www.kidcentraltn.com/health/insurance/coverkids.html.

CHANT (Community Health Access and Navigation in Tennessee)

Provides free and voluntary care coordination services to TennCare eligible and Tenncare enrolled pregnant women, children, and youth under 21 years old, including those with special healthcare needs.

Phone: (865) 215-5190 or email CHANT@knoxcounty.org

Safety

Car seat safety

Free car seat inspections:

Blount County Fire Protection 865-388-4041 Knoxville Police Department 865-215-7103 Oak Ridge Police Department 865-426-4399

Sevierville Police Department 865-868-1866

Find more car seat inspections organized by East Tennessee

Children's Hospital: https://www.etch.com/events.aspx.

- Never leave children alone in a car
- Children under 12 years old should never ride in the front seat (See Child Development Section – Safety, page 21)

DID YOU KNOW?

Most car seats expire after 6 years from the date of manufacture. If you can't find an explicit expiration date printed anywhere on the seat, check the owner's manual. When in doubt, the easiest thing to do is to call the manufacturer and ask them.

Home Safety

- Keep small objects away from children. Needles, pins, coins and beads can be deadly
 if swallowed.
- Never let children play with plastic bags.
- Help prevent poisoning by keeping all cleaning supplies, chemicals, medicine and cosmetics out of reach or in child-proof cabinets.
- Make sure there is a smoke alarm on every level of your home, and test the batteries
 every six months. Install carbon monoxide alarms on every level of the home, especially
 near sleeping areas. Check batteries twice a year.
- Hold a mock fire drill with your grandchildren. Plan escape routes and arrange for a safe meeting place outside.
- Develop and practice a fire escape plan, with two ways out of the home.
- Use approved safety gates at the top and bottom of stairs, and attach them to the wall,
 if possible.
- Give children your full and undivided attention when they are in and around water.
- Keep cribs clear of objects, and make sure babies sleep alone, on their backs and in a crib every time they sleep.
- Keep all medicine up and away and out of sight of children, even medicine you take every day. Be alert to medicine stored in other locations, like pills in purses, vitamins on counters and medicine on nightstands.
- Program the Poison Help line into your phone and post it in your home where caregivers can find it easily in an emergency: 1-800-222-1222.
- Secure televisions by mounting to the wall or placing on a low, stable piece of furniture.
- Install window guards or window stops to keep children from falling out of windows.

Safe Sleep

(See ABCs of safe sleep on page 23.)

Make sure cribs have a snug-fitting mattress and narrowly spaced slats. There should be nothing in the bed but the baby – no covering, pillows, bumper pads or toys. Soft mattresses and heavy covering are associated with the risk for sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS). Never allow babies to fall asleep with bottles in their mouths. Keep all cords and strings, including blinds and curtain cords, away from the crib.

Avoid exposing an infant to people with respiratory infections. Avoid crowds. Carefully clean anything that comes in contact with the baby. Have people wash their hands before holding or playing with the baby. SIDS often occurs in association with relatively minor respiratory infections, such as a mild cold, and gastrointestinal infections, such as vomiting and diarrhea.

Personal Safety

Teach your grandchildren the following personal safety tips:

- Memorize their full name, address and phone number, including area code and ZIP code.
- Be able to use the telephone and make calls to an operator and dial emergency numbers.
- Understand what "stranger" means.

- Know to never enter a stranger's car or home even if asked to help.
- Keep doors locked and only admit authorized people into the home.
- Use a code word that is a special word that only you and your grandchild know.
- Know to ask for the code word if another person is picking up your grandchild at school or day care so that he/she can verify that the person is safe.
- Play and walk with friends.
- Avoid alleys, as well as poorly lit or deserted areas.
- Never wander away from you or your yard without permission.
- Tell you if something strange or uncomfortable has happened to them.
- Not give information about themselves to anyone except authorized people (Make sure your grandchild knows who "authorized" people are).

The Child Safety Unit provides safety education programs to Knox County students in kindergarten, first, second and third grades regarding gun safety, school bus safety, child molestation prevention and seatbelt, traffic/pedestrian and bicycle safety.

The Helen Ross McNabb Center is a local provider of behavioral health services and offers a program called Kids on the Block, a free educational service using child-sized puppets to teach children about topics such as abuse, bullying, nutrition and drug prevention. The troupe performs shows for children in kindergarten through 5th grade in four priority areas: personal safety, violence prevention, drug prevention and mental health. Important topics within those areas include abuse, divorce, obesity, bullying, nutrition and stranger danger. Children are taught about these difficult to discuss subjects in a non-threatening and fun way.

Kids on the Block Program Coordinator: 865-544-5005

Safe Families for Children helps grandparents experiencing a temporary crisis by providing a loving family with whom their children may stay until the crisis has passed. Host families are given short-term legal guardianship and medical power of attorney.

Knoxville Police Department—Safety Education Unit is dedicated to fostering a police-community partnership by taking a leadership role in the development, management and delivery of innovative, progressive, and effective crime prevention programs.

Knox County Sheriff's Office — Child Safety Unit 100 North Central Suite A Knoxville, TN 37917 865-215-5633 www.knoxsheriff.org

Safe Families for Children 318 Erin Dr. #10 Knoxville, TN 37919 Phone: 865-257-1883 www.safe-families.org **KPD Safety Education Unit** 865-215-1510

Safety City 165 S. Concord St. Knoxville, TN 37919 865-215-7103

Challenges Facing Today's Children

Alcohol and Drug Abuse

Consider the following facts and information from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:

- Young people who use alcohol and drugs also are more likely to be victims or perpetrators of violence, engage in unplanned and unprotected sex, experience school failure or be seriously injured from driving or engaging in other risky behavior while impaired.
- Easy access and availability of alcohol, tobacco and illicit drugs make it difficult to keep young people out of harm's way. Young people report illicit drugs, alcohol and tobacco are easily obtained.
- Young people who use tobacco are more likely than others to drink heavily later or use illicit drugs.
- Over the past several years, annual use of marijuana doubled among 8th graders, grew by two-thirds among 10th graders, and increased by two-fifths among 12th graders.
- Fewer young people see harm in using drugs. Yet, understanding the harm associated with drug use is one of the greatest deterrents to drug use by youth.

Electronic Cigarettes (also known as "vaping")

Electronic cigarettes are battery-powered devices that deliver nicotine and flavored oils to the user in the form of an aerosol. E-cigarettes come in many shapes and sizes. JUUL is the most frequently used e-cigarette on the market. Most e-cigarettes contain nicotine, which is highly addictive and harm brain development, which continues until around age 25. All JUUL cigarettes have a high level of nicotine. According to the manufacturer, one JUUL pod contains as much nicotine as a pack of combustible cigarettes.

What can parents and guardians do to keep their children nicotine-free?

- Learn about the different types of e-cigarettes and the risk for young people.
- Talk to children about the risks of using e-cigarettes.
- Set an expectation that their children remain nicotine-free.
- Set a positive example by not smoking or vaping.

For more information on smoking cessation, call the Tennessee Tobacco Quitline at 1-800-QUITNOW (784-8669).

Gangs

Criminal gang activity is a growing problem. It is typically not illegal to be in a gang. Gangs may be part of a larger city or national gang, or they may remain local. Joining a group that

has a reputation, good or bad, gives a child looking for a purpose something in which to be

Five reasons young people give for using alcohol, tobacco and drugs

- To feel grown up
- To satisfy curiosity
- To fit in (belong)
- To relax and feel good
- To take risks and rebel

Reasons for joining a gang

- Identity
- Discipline
- Recognition
- Love
- Belonging
- Money

involved. Participants have said the mere interaction of members, listening to each other's problems and sharing ups and downs in their lives often enticed them to join. Once in a gang, children may find quitting difficult and in some cases, dangerous.

Sexuality and Kids

You may have difficulty talking to your grandchildren about sexuality. Most parents do. However, kids learn about sexuality early in their lives. They may get information at school, from friends or through television, music or social media. It is important that they get correct information from you.

Make sure you know the facts about sexually transmitted diseases, AIDS, birth control and pregnancy. Keep lines of communication open. Discuss things you see on television or in your community that deal with sexuality. Ask your grandchildren how they feel about certain topics.

The Knox Adolescent Partners in Prevention Initiative (KAPPI) is part of a statewide effort of the Tennessee Department of Health and is located at the Knox County Health Department. For more information about KAPPI, please contact the KAPPI coordinator: http://www.mybodymyfuture.com

Abstinence is the most responsible and effective means of preventing pregnancy and should be strongly encouraged. However, it is recognized that some adolescents may become pregnant in spite of these efforts. Work must be done to ensure that needed health, educational, vocational and social services are accessible and acceptable to these adolescents and their children.

A Step Ahead East Tennessee—provides information and access to birth control options. Visit www.AStepAheadEastTN.org or call 865-657-8372 for more information.

Resources for Pregnant Teenagers:

Bethany Christian Services—(865) 588-5283

Pregnancy Help Center— (5 locations) (865) 212-4942

24 hour Helpline 1(877) 990-4673

Hope Resource Center—free pregnancy tests, ultrasounds, STD testing, counseling and parenting classes. (865) 236-0350

Young Lives—Provides mentoring for teen moms who are empowered to make positive choices and to set and achieve goals. (865) 525-7468

Planned Parenthood—Knoxville Health Center. (865) 694-7155

Child Abuse

Tennessee law deals in detail about what constitutes abuse. "Abuse" exists when a person under the age of 18 suffers from, has sustained or may be in immediate danger of suffering from or sustaining a wound, injury, disability or physical or mental condition caused by brutality, neglect or other actions or inactions of a parent, relative, guardian or caretaker. An abuser is defined as an adult or an older child, provided the child is four years older than the victim.

Four reportable types of child abuse are neglect, physical, sexual and mental abuse.

Neglect occurs when a parent or caretaker allows a child to experience avoidable suffering or fails to provide basic essentials for physical, social and educational development.

Physical abuse is defined as a person deliberately and intentionally causing bodily harm (violent battery with weapon like a knife or belt, burning, choking, fracturing bones and other non-accidental injuries). Physical abuse also happens when a person endangers a child's health, welfare and safety through negligence (withholding food, medical care, etc.).

Sexual abuse is defined as any form of sexual contact or exploitation in which a child is being used for the sexual stimulation of the perpetrator.

Mental abuse occurs when a person exposes a child to spoken and/or unspoken violence or emotional cruelty (deprived of parental affection, withholding education, locked in confined spaces, forced into drug abuse, sent messages that the child is worthless, unloved, undeserving of care).

All of these elements are difficult to prove. Moreover, the persons who are subject to these abuses must be reasonably presumed to be less than 18 years of age.



The law requires every person knowledgeable of a child abuse situation must make mandatory reports. Mandatory reporters are legally required to report known, or reasonably suspected, cases of child abuse. A person may face criminal penalties (normally a misdemeanor) for failing to report.

Any person knowing of such abuses must report to the judge having juvenile jurisdiction or the county office of the Department of Children's Services, or the sheriff or chief law enforcement officer where the child resides.

Tennessee law provides immunity from liability for persons who, in good faith, report suspected instances of child abuse or neglect under the reporting laws.

Immunity statutes protect the reporters from civil or criminal liability that they might otherwise incur. This protection is extended to both mandatory and voluntary reporters.

Tennessee law does not provide any type of evidentiary privileges – such as husband-wife privilege, psychiatrist-patient privilege, psychologist-patient privilege – for excluding evidence regarding harm or the cause of harm to a child in any dependency and neglect proceeding resulting from a report of such harm or a criminal prosecution for severe child abuse.

Additionally, ministers are mandatory reporters in Tennessee because "any person" is a mandatory reporter of child abuse. No clergy-penitent privilege statute or rule specifies that the privileged nature of a communication exempts a minister from complying with child abuse reporting requirements.

The Tennessee Child Abuse Hotline accepts all reports of suspected child abuse and neglect for the State of Tennessee. The Tennessee Child Abuse Hotline is open 365 days a year, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

The Tennessee Child Abuse Hotline

Phone: 1-877-237-0004

Web: https://apps.tn.gov/carat for nonemergency situations only.

Fax: 615-361-7041

Domestic Violence

Battering is a pattern of behavior used to establish power and control over another person through fear and intimidation, often including the threat or use of violence. Battering happens when one person believes he/she is entitled to control another. Battery is against the law. If you know an adult who is the victim of physical battery, sexual abuse or psychological battery, refer the person to the Family Violence Helpline at 865-521-6336.

Teen Dating Violence

One in three teenagers experience some kind of abuse in their romantic relationships. Therefore, this is a topic that grandparents should discuss with their grandchild when they begin to date.

Only 33% of teens in an abusive relationship ever tell anyone about it. More than 10% of high school students in Knox County report they have been hit, slapped or physically hurt by a boyfriend or girlfriend.

Experiencing this type of abuse can put someone at higher risk for eating disorders, depression, anxiety, substance abuse and suicide. Dating violence is more widespread than adults realize and often victims do not tell anyone because they are afraid or ashamed.

It is important to note that many abusive relationships do not start that way, which is one reason it can be so confusing for teens. Teens and parents should be aware of "red flag" behaviors that might indicate abuse such as:

- Extreme jealousy and possessiveness (acting angry when you spend time with other friends or family)
- Controlling behavior (wanting you to answer all their calls and texts immediately)
- Isolating and dominating behavior (wanting you to spend all your time with them)
- Emotional and verbal abuse (putting you down and making you feel afraid to be yourself)
- Anger, threats, and intimidation (extreme anger with threats of hurting you, someone you love or themselves)
- Destruction of property (breaking your phone or other possessions that are meaningful to you)
- Physical abuse (hitting, grabbing, slapping, kicking, choking or punching you)

If you suspect a friend or loved one is in an abusive relationship, contact the Family Justice Center at 865-521-6336 or go online at www.fjcknoxville.com for information.

Children and Today's Technology

The Basics

Some grandparents are tech savvy and use the latest devices at work or for fun. Here are the basics of communication technology and what grandparents should know about their grandchild's use of ever-evolving technology.

Desktop Computer/Tablet

A desktop computer comprises a central processing unit (CPU), monitor, keyboard and mouse. (The mouse is a small accessory that allows you to complete tasks on the computer by



pointing and clicking on screen buttons or icons.) Smaller and portable devices include laptop computers and tablets.

Cell/Smartphones

Cellphones are capable of so much more than phone calls now. Children, pre-teens and teens communicate via text messages, social media and the internet using their phones. Smartphones also offer video, photography and music storage. Text messages are sent directly from one phone to another and are typed on the phone, often using abbreviated slang terms. Children want and will ask for a phone. You must determine age and usage boundaries. Cost also will be a consideration, both the type of phone and the specific plan, which can charge for minutes, data (internet) and text messages.

Internet

The internet is a virtual world that connects all users to information and the ability to communicate with each other. A computer is not automatically connected. An internet provider is a company that you pay monthly for service to connect to this virtual world. Examples of internet providers are your cable or phone company. Once connected, you use the internet browser on your computer (or smartphone). The internet comprises pages of information organized into websites. These websites are identified by addresses set up by www.<website name>.<com, org, edu, net> (.com or .org are the most widely used identifiers.) WiFi or wireless internet is available in many public places. Smartphones and tablets can connect to these WiFi networks. WiFi networks are not always secure so be careful about accessing private data, such as bank information.

Email

Email is short for electronic mail. Just like printed mail you receive at home or a post office box, an email is a communication sent to you. You receive it in a "virtual" mailbox on your computer, tablet or smartphone. Every user creates a specific email address to send and receive messages. Email had been the basic way people used the internet to communicate, but it has largely been replaced by text messaging (see below), especially for children, teenagers and young adults.

Texting

Texting and instant messages are very popular ways to communicate now. But do not feel like you have to learn the lingo. Kids may say "CUL8R," but "See you later" is perfectly acceptable. Pre-teens, often called tweens, and teens usually prefer text messages to phone calls because they do not have to talk on the phone when they are doing something else. Also, text messages are more discreet. When texting first became popular, some families received huge bills, but most plans now have unlimited texting. In many states, texting while driving is illegal. Tell your grandchildren not to initiate or read text messages if they are driving and not to ride in a vehicle with someone who does so while driving.

Direct Messaging

While text messages are popular, children and teenagers also use social media to communicate. These messages are sent privately, such as Twitter direct messages and Facebook messaging. Also, phone applications (called apps) are used to send messages, such as one called WhatsApp.

Social Media

Social media are websites or applications (apps) on a computer or smart phone, where people connect with one another to share pictures, post comments and chat. Some common ones are Facebook, Twitter, SnapChat and Instagram, but new ones develop regularly. It is important to monitor these activities! Know your grandchildren's passwords so you can monitor who and what is being communicated on these sites. Stay aware of what your grandchild is doing on social media and use the privacy settings for their accounts. Social media posts are usually public unless the settings are changed to private.

Dangers of Technology

The dangers that exist in today's society also exist on the internet, but those dangers are more prevalent online. It is important to discuss what is appropriate in text messages and social media posts and to talk about the risks. Because social media is so popular, it is easy for predatory individuals to find targets, especially young ones who are more naïve than adults. It is important to not only set limits and enforce them for your grandchildren, but also to explain your reasoning. You should consider reading your grandchild's email, messages and social media pages and monitoring their online contacts and friends. It does intrude on the child's privacy, but digital messages and social media can become accessible to the wrong people. Monitoring a child's communications can alert you to cyberbullying, which is most common in middle school, but can happen earlier. Often, the victim's fear and isolation are the same as regular bullying that can happen at school or in the neighborhood. Online bullying can cause a child to feel like there is no safe haven, even at home. For assistance, contact your cellphone provider or local senior center for classes.

So, how do you set up safeguards on a computer? You begin by creating a separate account on your computer for your grandchild and setting up parental controls that are built into the operating systems. The controls cover which programs can be used, what time of day the computer can be used and the content or age ratings for games and apps. If you let your grandchild access the internet, you need to add a program that can filter web content and generate activity reports, like Net Nanny or CYBERsitter. You also can set parental controls on a child's phone. Your cellphone provider can provide assistance.

Useful Tips:

- Tell your grandchild that the pictures they post can be seen by everyone. Nothing ever really disappears on the internet or social media. It can all be retrieved, even years later.
- Do not post pictures you will regret later.
- Do not share personal information with anyone you do not know. People may also create fake accounts to lure children.
- Teach your grandchild to avoid clicking on links, responding to ads or opening emails unless they know the sender.
- Help your grandchild come up with a good password, and make sure you always know it. Set ground rules that passwords cannot be changed without your permission. Your grandchild should never share the password with anyone but you.
- Have a central place for computer use in the home and a central location for cellphones and tablets at night. Do not allow your grandchild to use these devices alone in their room.
- Teach your grandchild to log out of computers when they are finished with their work or games. This prevents a friend or sibling from posting or emailing using their account, even as a joke.
- Look through settings on all computers, tablets and smartphones to see what parental controls are available and use them.
- Use security and privacy settings on all social network accounts. These will be different for each social network, but most have them in their settings.
- Have frequent discussions with your grandchild about technology. Ask questions such as:
 - What are your friends doing online?
 - What are the newest, coolest websites?
 - Have you ever seen anything online that has made you uncomfortable?
 - Do you ever get messages from strangers?

Texting Shorthand and Acronyms	www.netlingo.com
Training/learning	www.seniornet.org or socialmedia4seniors.org
Training	www.skillfulsenior.com
Microsoft accessibility techniques	www.microsoft.com/enable/aging/tips.aspx
Online training	www.meganga.com
Senior citizen helpful internet search page	http://good50.com
Software to help with the internet	www.eldy.net.us

POPULAR APPLICATIONS (also known as "apps")

Ask.fm

GSKfm

Age Rating: 12 +

Ask.fm is a website and smart phone application that is intended to be a friendly question-and-answer forum. Questions can be asked and answered anonymously.

- Posting anonymously may lead to potential for kids to make comments they wouldn't if they knew they were identifiable. (Anonymity is never guaranteed on the internet, despite what is promised.)
- Bullying and sexually charged discussions have been associated with this application.

Facebook



Age Rating: 13 +

Reauires a valid email account

Facebook is a popular social networking site that can be accessed using computers and smartphones. Members also can join networks and groups based on school affiliations, interests, hobbies, employers and locations. Facebook can be used for keeping track of friends both old and new. Facebook is available to anyone with a valid email address that is over the age of 13.

- Users post their real names, educational and work history, contact information, relationship statuses and likes/dislikes for the general public and friends to see.
- It is important to keep in mind that disclosing too much information can be used against you. Posting addresses, phone numbers and full birth dates can lead to identity theft and other potential threats.
- Individuals should use discretion when posting pictures, comments, likes, and dislikes on this site as potential employers and schools may look at the information.

Instagram



Age Rating: 12 +

Instagram app is a smart phone application that allows users to snap, edit and share photos and videos either publicly or with a network of followers. Users can comment on other photos, as well as "like" a user's photo.

- Teens seek "likes" for their photos. Similar to other social media sites, teens may measure the "success" of their photos (or even their self-worth) by number of likes or comments. This may become problematic if teens post to validate popularity.
- Photos are either public or visible within your grandchild's network; therefore, you should monitor what is posted. Mature content can be found, even though the terms of service specify that users shouldn't post sexual material. Posts and photos containing violence, foul language and drugs also are available.

Periscope



Periscope is a live video streaming platform. (Facebook now offers live streaming, too.)

 Ability to broadcast live to potentially millions of strangers across the world. Those same strangers can broadcast to your teen, live and in real time. Broadcasts cannot be edited or deleted.

Age Rating: 13 +

Age Rating: 12+

Snapchat

Snapchat, a messaging app, allows users to send and receive pictures and videos with their smartphones. The app puts a time limit on pictures and videos before they disappear from view. The app is intended to allow users to send and share fun, light moments without the risk of having them go public. However, Snapchat later acknowledged that the videos do not disappear.

- Snapchats don't go away forever. Snapchat temporarily collects, processes and stores content on its servers. The content can be recovered by Snapchat.
- Individuals on the receiving end can use their phone to take screenshots of the image before it disappears.
 This saves the photo, and it can now be posted anywhere online.
- The app has been used for "sexting" or suggestive photos and videos. The app was promoted as risk-free
 and could encourage users to send inappropriate content. "Sexting" is sending sexually explicit photos or
 messages via mobile phone.

TikTok

Age Rating: 13+

TikTok

TikTok is a music video media platform for creating and sharing short videos.

- May have mature language and sexual content.
- Messaging features

Tumblr



Age Rating: 12+

Tumblr is an online blog that streams scrapbooks of texts, photos and video and audio clips. Users create and follow short blogs called "tumblelogs" that can be viewed by anyone online.

- Inappropriate content has been associated with this app, including images and videos that are pornographic or show violence, self-harm, drug use and offensive language.
- Profiles are public.
- Posts often are copied and shared without consent.



Age Rating:

Twitter

Twitter is a social media site that allows users to post short, 140-character messages called "tweets" and follow other users' activities. It also includes photos and videos. Twitter users must be at least 13.

Twitter is public unless accounts are locked, but privacy is never a guarantee on any app or social media
site; therefore, you should discuss with teenagers what they post, how quickly a post can spread, and what
effects this can have in the future, especially with college applications and job searches. A social media audit
is common now for a lot of employers and colleges.

Family Technology Profile

Grandparent Name	Child Name	Child Name	
Computer (Laptop)	Computer (Laptop)	Computer (Laptop)	
IP Address:	IP Address:	IP Address:	
Computer Login	Computer Login	Computer Login	
Username:	Username:	Username:	
Password:	Password:	Password:	
Cellphone Network:	Cellphone Network:	Cellphone Network:	
Model Number:	Model Number:	Model Number:	
Serial Number:	Serial Number:	Serial Number:	
Parental Control Tool: (Check with your cellphone provider)	Parental Control Tool: (Check with your cellphone provider)	Parental Control Tool: (Check with your cellphone provider)	
Is Phone Locator enabled? (Check with your cellphone provider)	Is Phone Locator enabled? (Check with your cellphone provider)	Is Phone Locator enabled? (Check with your cellphone provider)	
Is Text Messaging enabled?	Is Text Messaging enabled?	Is Text Messaging enabled?	
Facebook Username:	Facebook Username:	Facebook Username:	
Facebook Password:	Facebook Password:	Facebook Password:	
Snapchat Username:	Snapchat Username:	Snapchat Username:	
Snapchat Password:	Snapchat Password:	Snapchat Password:	

Taking Care of Yourself

Stress-Reducing Suggestions for Grandparent Caregivers

(Adapted from Illinois Task Force on Grandparents Raising Grandchildren Tip Sheet)

- Accept that your adult child's circumstances are not your fault.
- Join a support group.
- Keep up your own health.
- Walk or exercise regularly.
- Insist on a regular quiet time.
- Take time for yourself (even if only 30 minutes per day).
- Do something you enjoy not always something you should do or must do.
- Be intentional in building your community. Avoid isolation.
- Practice patience. Let those you care for do as much for themselves as possible.
- Set limits with grandchildren and stick to them. Learn to say no.
- Focus on the positive and keep a sense of humor.
- Accept reality. See things as they are and not how you wish them to be.
- Eliminate hurtful thoughts and self-pity. These negative emotions only drag you down.
- Reward yourself. Even small rewards will help your emotional well-being.
- Explore parenting classes to learn new parenting methods.

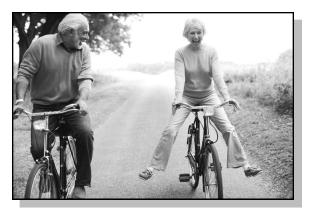
The Grandparents as Parents Program, under the Office on Aging in Knox County, holds monthly educational and support group meetings. As you assume the role of primary caregiver for your grandchildren, you will experience a new set of challenges parenting the next generation. These educational support meetings feature topics of interest from community experts in fields such as:

- Our legal system and custody issues
- Knox County Schools system
- Individual education plans
- Health care

- Mental health
- Childhood development
- Today's culture and technology
- Talking to your child about sex

Why should I attend an Educational Support Group?

- 1. Grandparents raising grandchildren do need help.
- 2. An educational group keeps grandparents informed with current information.
- 3. A grandparent support group is a living library. Group members learn from each other.
- 4. Becoming part of a group relieves the feeling of isolation. A support group is a safe place to share with other grandparents raising grandchildren. (Sylvie de Toledo 2013)



General Resources

Emergency Numbers —————			
Anderson County Sheriff's Office	865-457-24	14	
Blount County Sheriff's Office	865-273-50	00	
Loudon County Sheriff's Office	865-986-48	23	
Sevier County Sheriff's Office	865-453-46	68	
Alcoa City Police Department			
Maryville City Police Department			
Friendsville Police Department	865-995-28	31	
Clinton Police Department			
Oak Ridge Police Department	865-425-43	99	
Oliver Springs Police Department			
Lenoir City Police Department	865-986-20	05	
Loudon Police Department			
Gatlinburg Police Department	865-436-51	81	
Pigeon Forge Police Department	865-453-90	63	
Child Abuse Hotline			
(Department of Children's Services)			
Adult Protective Services	1-888-277-8	3366	
Ambulance, Fire, Police	911		
Centers for Disease Control	1-800-232-4	1636	
Family Violence Helpline	865-521-63	36	
Knoxville City Services			
Information & Referral Search	211 or 865-2	215-4211	
Knox County Sheriff's Office	865-215-24	44	
(non-emergency)			
Knoxville Police Department	865-215-70	00	
(general information)			
Drug/Crime Hotline	865-215-72	12	
Mobile Crisis (Adult & Youth)			
Sexual Assault Center of East TN			
TN Redline			
National Domestic Violence Hotline			
National Suicide Prevention Hotline			
Poison Help	1-800-222-1	222	
Local Hospital Information ————			
Area Hospitals Switch		Emergency Room	
East TN Children's Hospital 865-54		865-541-8133	
Fort Sanders Regional			
Medical Center 865-54	41-1111	865-331-1285	
Tennova			
North Knoxville Medical Center 865-85	59-8000	865-859-1000	
Parkwest Medical Center865-37	73-1000	865-373-1280	
Turkey Creek Medical Center865-2	18-7011	865-218-7112	
The University of Tennessee			
Medical Center 865-30	5-9000	865-305-9401	

Cherokee Health Systems Knox County, 5 th Avenue	-
Anderson County Cherokee Health Systems Clinton	
Blount County Cherokee Health Systems Alcoa	
Loudon County Cherokee Health Systems Lenoir City	
Sevier County Cherokee Health Systems Seymour	
Legal and Financial Matters aLegalz	_

Legal and Financial Matters (continued)
Volunteer Income Tax Assistance 865-546-3500
Free tax filing assistance. Visit www.knoxcacvita.org
Martindale-Hubbell (search for attorneys)www.martindale.com
Knox County
Knox County Child Support Office865-862-0366
Department of Children's Services865-329-8879
Department of Human Services865-594-6151
Harmony Family Center865-982-5225
UT Law School Legal Clinic865-974-2331
Knoxville Bar Assoc. Lawyer Referral 865-522-7501
Knox County Juvenile Court/
Child Support865-215-6330
Knox County Juvenile Court865-215-6400
·
Anderson County
Child Support Office
Department of Children's Services 865-425-4400
Department of Human Services865-457-3660
Child Support Court865-457-6205
Juvenile Court
Knoxville Bar Assoc. Lawyer Referral 865-522-7501
Blount County
Blount County Child Support Office
• •
Department of Children's Services 865-981-2366
Department of Human Services865-981-2350
Child Support Court
Juvenile Court
Knoxville Bar Assoc. Lawyer Referral 865-522-7501
Loudon County
Child Support Office
Department of Children's Services865-988-0398
Department of Human Services865-986-4749
Child Support Court
Juvenile Court
Knoxville Bar Assoc. Lawyer Referral 865-522-7501
Kiloxville bul Assoc. Luwyer Kelerrul 603-322-7301
Sevier County
Child Support Office865-471-7901
Department of Children's Services865-429-7012
Department of Human Services865-429-7005
Child Support Court865-453-5536
Juvenile Court
Knoxville Bar Assoc. Lawyer Referral 865-522-7501
Tarania Bar / 1000 at Early of Morollanian 1000 022 / 001

Child Care & Educational Needs -Parks and Recreation Maryville-Alcoa-Blount County.....865-983-9244 Clinton City......865-457-0642 Oak Ridge City......865-425-3450 Loudon County......865-458-7525 City of Sevierville865-453-5441 Pigeon Forge 865-429-7373 Gatlinburg......865-436-4990 Boys & Girls Club of the Smoky Mountains...865-428-6550 Anderson County Public Library Briceville......865-426-6220 Clinton......865-457-0519 Rocky Top......865-426-6762 Norris865-494-6800 Oak Ridge......865-425-3457 Blount County Public Library.....865-982-0981 Loudon County Public Library Greenback865-856-2841 Lenoir City.......865-986-3210 Loudon......865-458-3161 Philadelphia......865-657-9059 Tellico Village......865-458-5199 Sevier County Public Library King Family Library...... 865-453-3532 Kodak Branch...... 865-933-0078 Anderson County Schools......865-463-2800 Blount County Schools......865-984-1212 Loudon County Schools...... 865-458-5411 Douglas-Cherokee Economic Authority Head Start/Early Head Start....423-587-4501 Anderson County School Preschool / Head Start/Early Head Start...... 865-463-2833 Loudon County Head Start865-988-5133 Tennessee Connect......1-855-259-0701 Car Seat Inspections by Loudon County Sheriff's Department 865-453-4668 https://www.etch.com/Events/Car-Seat-Inspection.aspx

Child Care & Educational Needs (continued)

Omni Visions Relative Caregiver Program......865-376-3464 (Anderson, Blount, Knox, Loudon, Sevier Counties)

Child Care Resource and Referral....... 865-974-7750 or 877-584-0596

Career Readiness Program for youth 16-24. Educational programs for families. Referrals are made to Nashville Office and forwarded to Knoxville Advocates.

Online Resources

<u>www.pbskids.org</u> Educational games, watch PBS kids shows www.education.com Provides activities, worksheets, & videos

www.khanacademy.com Math, art, computer programming, and more

Knox County

City of Knoxville Parks and Recreation... 865-215-4311
Boys and Girls Club of the TN Valley.... 865-232-1200
Emerald Youth Foundation ... 865-637-3227
SEEED Knox ... 865-766-5185
THRIVE Lonsdale... 865-544-5881
YMCA of East Tennessee... 865-525-9622
YWCA Phyllis Wheatley Center... 865-546-0651
Wesley House Community Center. 865-524-5494
Knox County Public Library ... 865-215-8750
Knox County Schools
Main Number... 865-594-1800

Anderson County

Anderson County Public Library

Briceville......865-426-6220 Clinton......865-457-0519 Lake City.....865-426-6762 Norris......865-494-6800 Oak Ridge....865-425-3457

Anderson County School Preschool/Head Start/Early Head Start.....865-463-2833

Child Care & Educational Needs (continued) Blount County Parks and Recreation Maryville-Alcoa-Blount County865-983-9244 Boys and Girls Club of the Smoky Mountains865-428-6550 Blount County Public Library...... 865-982-0981 Blount County Schools......865-984-1212 Douglas-Cherokee Economic Authority Head Start/Early Head Start.....423-587-4501 Loudon County Parks and Recreation Loudon County...... 865-458-7525 Boys and Girls Club of the Smoky Mountains.... 865-428-6550 Loudon County Public Library Greenback......865-856-2841 Lenoir City......865-986-3210 Loudon......865-458-3161 Philadelphia......865-657-9059 Tellico Village......865-458-5199 Loudon County Schools......865-458-5411 Loudon County Head Start865-988-5133 Sevier County Parks and Recreation City of Sevierville865-453-5441 Parks and Recreation Pigeon Forge......865-429-7373 Boys and Girls Club of the Smoky Mountains....865-428-6550 Sevier County Public Library King Family Library......865-453-3532 Douglas-Cherokee Economic Authority Head Start/Early Head Start......423-587-4501 Child Development, Health, and Safety Needs———— **Development Programs/Services** Child Find (Knox County Public Schools)...................... 865-594-1530 East Tennessee Human Resource Agency (ETHRA)..... 865-691-2551 Tennessee's Early Intervention System (children with developmental delays)......................... 865-579-3099 Assists families in knowing their rights about special www.tnstep.org

education services and provides training/assistance

Child Development, Health, and Safety Needs (continued)
TennCare Hotline1-800-342-3145 310 Great Circle Road
Nashville, TN 37243-6501www.tn.gov/tenncare
TennCare Connect
TennCare Advocacy1-800-758-7638
TennCare Solutions
TennCare Mental Health & Substance Abuse Resource 1-800-758-1638
DHS Family Assistance Center1-866-311-4287
Managed Care Organizations (MCO)
Amerigroup 1-800-600-4441
United Healthcare 1-800-690-1606
BlueCare1-800-468-9736
TennCare Select
TennCare Solutions1-800-878-3192
Behavioral Health Organizations (BHO)
TennCare Partner Hotline1-966-535-3825
Premier Behavioral Systems
Tennessee Behavioral Health
TennCare Recipient Transportation Provides transportation for medical appointments. You must be enrolled in TennCare. General Transportation Information
Returning to Work Resources ————————————————————————————————————
American Job Center865-594-5500 www.Jobs4tn.gov
Office on Aging865-524-2786
Senior Employment Service Program for those 55+ returning to workforce
TN Department of Labor865-545-4619
General Services ————————————————————————————————————
Community Action Committee865-546-3500
CAC Housing & Energy Services
Office on Aging
Anderson County
Blount County
Knox County
Loudon County865-458-6264
Sevier County865-453-8080

General Services (continued) Grandparents As Parents Program865-524-2786
Get Covered TN
Home Visitation Programs
CHANT (Community Health Access and Navigation in Tennessee) Knox County Residents
Mental HealthAll Ages Counseling865-523-9163Alternative Counseling Center865-687-8990Camelot Care Centers865-481-3972Cherokee Health Systems866-231-4477Covenant Counseling & Consultation865-337-7375Harmony Family Center865-982-5225Health Connect America865-247-7045Helen Ross McNabb Children & Youth Center865-523-8695Omni Visions865-525-0391UT Psychological Clinic865-974-2161www.psychclinic.utk.edu
Mentor & Youth ProgramsAMACHI (mentor program)865-524-2774Bethany Christian Services865-588-5283Big Brother/Big Sister of East TN865-523-2179Boys & Girls Club of the TN Valley865-232-1200Boys and Girls Club of the Smoky Mountains865-428-6550Boy Scouts of America865-588-6514Girl Scouts of the Southern Appalachians800-474-1912Girl Talk, Inc865-851-7064Goodwill Guides865-588-8567Hope Resource Center865-236-0650

General Services (continued)
Harmony's Grand Family Camp865-982-5225
Knoxville Adolescents Partners in Prevention Initiative (KAPPI)
(My Body, My Future)
Katerpilar Kids Camp
(for children grieving the death of a parent)865-374-0864
Knoxville Leadership Foundation865-524-2774
Young Lives865-525-7468
Notes:

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Quannah Washington, The University of Tennessee

Marsha Watson, Director, Knoxville Bar Association

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and reading



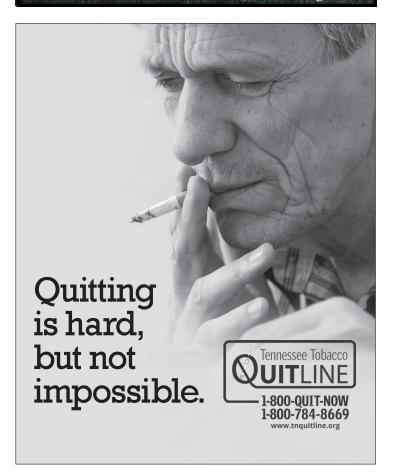
knoxfriends.org





The Knox Adolescent Partners in Prevention Initiative is a community coalition that began in 1991. KAPPI works to address issues on a variety of adolescent health topics in the community through programming and partnerships. It is part of a state-wide effort of the Tennessee Department of Health and the Knox County Health Department. For more information, please visit the KAPPI website.

mybodymyfuture.com



The Relative Caregiver Program

The Relative Caregiver Program is a free program for relatives taking care of their grandchildren, great-grandchildren, nieces, nephews, cousins, and other related children.



The Relative Caregiver Program provides:

- Assistance connecting to needed resources and linkage to community services
- Limited one-time financial assistance
- Home visiting and specific educational services to help you cope and thrive
- Free activities, food, and tickets to events for families to allow for bonding and fun!
- Monthly supportive networking meetings with families going through the same issues
- Advocacy and assistance with goals and needs for the family

Serving: Knox, Anderson, Blount, Campbell, Claiborne, Cocke, Grainger, Hamblen, Jefferson, Loudon, Monroe, Morgan, Roane, Scott, Sevier, and Union Counties.

For more information, call **(865)** 376-3464 or toll-free **(877)** 258-8795 or visit us on the web at https://www.theomnifamily.com/relative-caregiver-program/

The Relative Caregiver Program is a grant administered by Omni Visions in conjunction with the Department of Children's Services.



✓ NO COST-FREE ✓ NO FAMILY LIMIT

✓ NO FAMILY LIMIT
✓ CHILDREN AGES 5-12YRS

CALL TODAY AND PICKUP A 30DAY SUPPLY EACH MONTH

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MAKE READING A FAMILY AFFAIR

Join READ CITY USA in a community-wide reading challenge. Read with your grandchildren and log your time —every minute counts!



ReadCityUSA.org

LOG YOUR READING TIME:

Download the free Beanstack Tracker app from the App Store/Google Play. Select Knox County Library from the list and register your family. Be sure to log any minutes spent reading or listening to books.

STUMPED?

Visit any Knox County Public Library location for one-onone help, or pick up a paper log to make your minutes count!









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READ CITY USA is a collaborative initiative led by Knox County Mayor Glenn Jacobs to help all children learn to read early and well.



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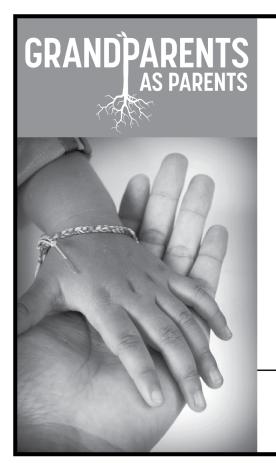
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Are you raising your grandchild?

You are not alone.

The Grandparents as Parents program provides free educational support meetings, community outreach, and information and referrals for:

- Parenting Again
- Benefits
- Custody, Guardianship, & Adoption
- Resources for Financial Assistance
- Health & Mental Health Services for Adults & Children
- Resources for Housing
- Resources for Legal Services

There is no age or income requirement to join this free program.

Call GAP at (865) 524-2786

or visit online at knoxseniors.org.

Grandparents as Parents is a program of the CAC Office on Aging.

Give me Firsthand Love Not secondhand Smoke



- Are you pregnant?
- Do you smoke?
- Would you like to quit?

Sign up for the Baby and Me Tobacco Free Program. Stop Smoking and receive free diaper vouchers.



Call **865-215-5170** for info or help





OFFICE ON AGING

KNOXVILLE-KNOX COUNTY COMMUNITY ACTION COMMITTEE

2247 Western Avenue | Knoxville, TN P: 865-524-2786 | F: 865-546-0832 WWW.KNOXSENIORS.ORG